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Under development

* This product is under development and may change at a later date.

LED driver circuit with UVLO

DESCRIPTION

RT8H094C is composed by NPN transistors, PNP transistors and resistors. It can miniaturization of a set and reduce parts or time necessary for completion.

RT8H094C constitutes the LED driver circuit. The voltage rise of the resistor RCS connected to he GND side is detected by the CSP terminal, and the LED current is adjusted by comparing it with the built-in voltage of 0.2V.

The off-time can be set by connecting an external resistor and capacitor to the CT terminal.

It is also has a built-in UVLO function to prevent malfunction at 4V or less and thermal shutdown function.

FEATURES

- Miniaturization of a set.
- External setting of a switch-off time is possible. with the switch-off time setting terminals (CT).
- Built-on UVLO function and thermal shutdown function.



APPLICATION

• LED driver circuit



<MFT> RT8H094C

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
VCC	Supply voltage		40	V
IOUT	Output current		10	mA
Pd	Internal power dissipation		200	mW
КӨ	Thermal derating	Ta≧25℃	1.6	mW/℃
Tj	Junction temperature		150	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature	(keep dry)	-40~150	°C
Topr	Operating temperature	(keep dry)	-20~85	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

Sumbol	Parameter	Ra	Unit		
Symbol	Falalletei	Min	Max	Unit	
VCC	Supply voltage range	4.5	37	V	
f	Frequency range	-	200	kHz	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC (Ta=25°C,VCC=12V unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Designed value			Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VCC	Operating supply voltage range		4.5	12	37	V
VCTH1	Operation start voltage		3.91	4.20	4.49	V
VCTH2	Operation stop voltage		3.50	3.85	4.20	V
VCSPTH	CSM threshold voltage		0.188	0.200	0.212	V
ICC1	Circuit current1	CSM:0V, CSP:2V, CT:0V	0.56	0.80	1.04	mA
ICC2	Circuit current2	CSM:OPEN, CSP:0V, CT:5V	0.56	0.80	1.04	mA
IBCSP	CSP bias current	CSM:OPEN, CSP:0V/IM, CT:0V	-300	-120	0	nA
IBCSM	CSM bias current	CSM:0V/IM, CSP:0.2V, CT:0V	-300	-120	0	nA
VTHCT1	CT threshold voltage 1	CSP:0V, CT:0V \Rightarrow SWEEP(L→H)/IM	2.60	3.10	3.60	V
VTHCT2	CT threshold voltage 2	CSM:0V, CSP:3V CT:VTHCT1 \Rightarrow SWEEP(H→L)/IM	1.55	1.85	2.15	V
VOSAT1	OUT saturation voltage 1	CSM:OPEN, CSP:0V, CT:0V, OUT:-5mA	5.95	7.00	8.05	V
VOSAT2	OUT saturation voltage 2	CSM:0V, CSP:0.2V, CT:0V, OUT:5mA	0.67	0.75	0.83	V
TOOFF(※)	Switch-off time	RCT=47kΩ, CCT=330pF	-	5.00	-	us
TSD(%)	Thermal shutdown		-	170	-	ĉ

CHARACTERISTICS



KT8H094C

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APPLICATION CIRCUIT EXAMPLES



OSetting off-time (toff)

The off-time is determined by the time when the charging voltage of the CT terminal resistor R_{CT} and the capacitor C_{CT} reaches the upper limit of the CT terminal voltage ($V_{CT(H)}$) set inside the RT8H094C.

$$t_{off} = R_{CT} \cdot C_{CT} \cdot \ln(\frac{V_{CC} - V_{CT(L)}}{V_{CC} - V_{CT(H)}})$$

 $(V_{CT(H)}: CT \text{ terminal voltage (output HIGH), } V_{CT(L)}: CT \text{ terminal voltage (output LOW))}$

○Setting on-time (t_{on})

$$t_{on} = \frac{L}{V_{L(on)}} (I - I_{min})$$

 I_{min} refers to the diode current just before the OUT terminal voltage turns from off to on.

The I and $I_{\rm min}$ arithmetic expressions are as follows.

%The accuracy of $I_{\rm ave}$ is about ±7% only for product variations.

(When the constants of the external components are the above application circuit example.)
$$V_{1}$$
 (off)

$$I = \frac{V_{CSPTH}}{R_{CS}} \qquad \qquad I_{min} = I - \frac{V_{L(off)}}{L} t_{off} \qquad \qquad I_{ave} = \frac{I + I_{min}}{2} = \frac{V_{CSM}}{R_{CS}} - \frac{V_{L(off)}}{2L} t_{off}$$

TIMING CHART

(It is based on the application circuit example)



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Jun.2023